

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
THOMAS A. DAVIS,  
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able and made known on application at  
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the paper regularly will  
confess a favor by reporting  
the fact AT THE OFFICE.

## AMERICA FOR AMERICANS

## McKINLEY AND WILSON ABROAD.

In 1890 William McKinley was burned  
in effigy in the English manufacturing  
city of Sheffield; but in 1894 William  
L. Wilson was dined and wine in London  
because he is the author of a Free-trade  
Tariff Bill. These are significant facts.

## THE SILVER PROBLEM.

Commercial Gazette.

Farmer Anderson has two thousand  
bushels of wheat.Mr. Jones has a thousand dollars  
worth of silver bullion.Mr. Anderson's wheat is worth in the  
market \$1,000.

So is Mr. Jones's silver bullion.

Mr. Jones goes to Philadelphia, takes  
his silver to the Mint and has it coined  
into two thousand nice, fine, pretty silver  
bars.

When Farmer Anderson brings  
along his thousand dollars worth  
of wheat, Mr. Jones buys it, paying him \$1-  
000—and he has \$1,000 left with which  
to buy the wheat of the next farmer that  
comes along.

This is free coinage. Some people  
are sure that all the farmers in the coun-  
try are shouting for it.

We should see a good many strange  
things in this country if the silver peo-  
ple should have their way.

The Republicans of Davies county  
have instructed for Colonel BRADLEY, de-  
clared against free silver coinage and  
indorsed the McKinley Bill.

The Republicans of Allen county  
in convention have instructed for Hon.  
W. O. BRADLEY for Governor and for  
Judge E. SCOTT BROWN of Scottsville for  
Register of the Land Office.

The income tax in Great Britain has  
varied all the way from 14 pence in the  
pound in the Crimean war, to 2 pence  
in 1874. It stands more recently at 6  
pence, or 2½ per cent, on incomes  
over \$750 a year. That lets out all  
workingmen in England. It wouldn't  
here.

The Court of Appeals says the law  
imposing upon foreign corporations the  
penalty of a forfeiture of charter for  
refusing to submit their litigation to the  
State Courts is contrary to the Con-  
stitution of the United States. Then at  
last Kentucky has a Court of Appeals  
which recognizes the fact that Uncle  
Sam is a "bigger" man than a Kentucky  
Colonel.

The growers of tobacco and the  
tobacco trade generally are interested in  
watching the effect of the Gorman Tariff  
upon the imports of tobacco. This The  
American Economist gives for five  
months of the new  
Tariff period, ending

January 31st, 1895, in comparison with  
the corresponding five months a year  
earlier at the port of New York, as fol-  
lows:

IMPORTS OF TOBACCO.	
September 1st to January 31st, 1894-95.	1894-95.
Pounds, Value, Pounds, Value.	
Wrappers, 1,118,648 \$1,178,003 1,779,500 \$2,370,744	
Other leaf, 2,667,199 1,434,728 5,216,470 2,048,581	
Cigars, &c., 108,085 519,539 123,459 574,944	
Totals, 4,893,932 \$3,132,270 7,119,429 \$4,994,169	

Including wrapper and other leaf to-  
bacco and cigars, we have imported,  
under the Gorman Tariff, nearly 2,000-  
000 pounds more tobacco in five months  
than we did a year earlier. The addi-  
tional amount of money sent out of the  
country was \$1,764,000 which might very  
much better have been used to buy  
American grown tobacco, so that the  
money could have been circulated among  
our own farmers, who are not receiving  
exorbitant prices for their tobacco  
crops. During these Free-trade times they  
will appreciate the fact that \$1,764,000  
have been taken out of their pockets in  
five months by the action of the Free-  
trade party in Congress.

"A  
grateful  
Mother"

endorses a  
remedy her son is taking  
for MALARIA. We do  
not know her and she  
writes of her own accord  
to praise

Brown's  
Iron Bitters.

The letter is dated July 17,  
1894—just the other day—  
Washington, D. C.

"My son is taking Brown's Iron  
Bitters for dangerous  
Malaria, and it has done  
him a great deal of good."

Mrs. MARY LEACH,  
911 Grant Ave., N.W.

Perhaps you're suffering from  
the same disease!

In buying look for crossed  
Red Lines on wrapper.

BROWN CHEM. CO., BALTO., MD.



## NOT UNUSUAL IN CHICAGO.

Chicago Dispatch.

Why poke fun at the women because some  
of them came home from the polls without  
their bonnets on straight? It isn't anything  
very unusual for the masculine voter to come  
home on election night without his jag on  
straight.

## HONORS ARE EASY.

Philadelphia Press.

The French papers are enjoying themselves  
in making flings at the lot of presents which  
the Castellanes got through the Gould mar-  
riage. Well, it is all very well for the foreign-  
ers to jeer. There are always two parties to a  
bargain, the buyer and the seller, and the  
nobleman who sells himself is certainly not  
less despicable than the American heiress  
who buys him.

## HIGHLY INDIGNANT.

El Norte Americano.

Contractor—Did you offer the councillor the  
\$10,000 as I told you?  
Clerk—Yes, sir.  
"How did he take it?"  
"He looked highly offended."  
"And what did he say?"  
"He said I ought to be pitched into the  
street."  
"And what did he do?"  
"He put the money in his purse."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the  
country than all other diseases put together,  
and until the last few years was supposed to  
be incurable. For a great many years doctors  
pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed  
local remedies, and by constantly failing to  
cure with local treatment pronounced it in-  
curable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a  
constitutional disease, and therefore requires  
constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure,  
manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo,  
Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the  
market. It is taken internally in doses from  
ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly  
on the blood and mucous surfaces of the sys-  
tem. They offer one hundred dollars for any  
case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and  
testimonials. Address,  
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

In the midst of life we are in debt. If  
you owe THE LEDGER anything we'll be  
pleased to trade our best autograph for  
cash.

The advertising columns of THE LED-  
GER speak for themselves. They show  
that people who know how to advertise  
know also WHERE to advertise.

Now is the time to take stock in the  
Fifth Series of The People's Building  
Association. Call on John Duley Treas-  
urer, Robert L. Baldwin Secretary, or  
any of the Directors.

## JOB PRINTING!

WE  
PRINT  
EVERYTHING  
THAT  
CAN  
BE  
PRINTED

PUBLIC LEDGER  
PRINTERY,  
MAYSVILLE, KY.

WHAT  
HAVE YOU HERE?

An "AD" calling attention  
to the best bread in the  
city.

## Who Keeps

## This BREAD?

"TRAXEL,"  
OF course.

## STRANGE ERROR

Does Minister Ransom Hold His  
Office Illegally?

Apparently the President Had No  
Right to Appoint Him.

A Most Unusual Situation, in Which the  
Minister to Mexico Will Be a Heavy  
Sufferer—No Salary Can Be  
Paid Over to Him.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Mexican  
mission is vacant. This will be news  
to ex-Senator Ransom, who has just  
settled himself comfortably in a berth  
in the pleasant confidence that he is  
to draw \$17,500 a year out of the  
United States treasury. It will be  
news to the president who ap-  
pointed him, and probably to his old  
associates in the senate, who so gallan-  
tly sprang to the rescue and confirmed  
his nomination almost as soon as it  
was sent in.

The trouble is that the president had  
no right to appoint Senator Ransom at  
all. There happens to be a clause in  
the constitution of the United States  
which reads as follows:

"Article I, Section 6, Clause 2. No  
senator or representative shall, during  
the time for which he was elected, be  
appointed to any civil office under the  
authority of the United States which  
shall have been created or the emolu-  
ments whereof shall have been in-  
creased during such time."

The salary of the minister to Mexico  
was increased from \$12,000 a year to  
\$17,500 by a provision in the diplomatic  
and consular appropriation bill, which  
was passed in the second session of the  
Fifty-first congress. Senator Ransom  
was then in the middle of the six  
years' term which expired March 4,  
1895, and he was, of course, not eligi-  
ble at the time his nomination was  
sent in during the preceding week.

The little incident concerning the  
salary of the Mexican minister had  
been forgotten by most of those who  
originally knew about it, and the mat-  
ter of salary cut no figure in the case.

The worst of the matter is the fact  
that Senator Ransom was actually  
present in the senate when the bill  
carrying an increase of salary for the  
Mexican mission was agreed to, and  
made no objection to its passage.  
There was no roll call, and the confer-  
ence report on the bill was adopted by  
a viva voce vote in the closing hours of  
the congress.

What makes the case especially hard  
is the fact that, if the government offi-  
cials refuse to pass his accounts on con-  
stitutional grounds, there will be no  
redress. If this is done, the president  
will doubtless endeavor to repair the  
mistake by reappointing Mr. Ransom  
at once, but, unfortunately, this will  
not do Senator Ransom much good.  
Section 1761 of the revised statutes, ap-  
proved February 9, 1863, provides that:  
"No money shall be paid from the  
treasury as salary to persons appointed  
during the recess of the senate to fill  
a vacancy in any existing office if the  
vacancy existed while the senate was  
in session, and was by law to be filled  
by and with the advice and consent of  
the senate, until such appointee has  
been confirmed by the senate."

Judge William B. Lawrence, for  
many years the first controller of the  
treasury, and now practicing before  
the supreme court, said Tuesday that  
if the case were to come before him as  
controller he should certainly disallow  
the salary. He said that not to do so  
would be a plain violation of the intent  
of the constitution. State department  
officials privately admit the same thing,  
although they do not relish the idea  
of opening the question up.

It is difficult to see how the presi-  
dent can avoid revoking Minister Ran-  
som's commission at once and announc-  
ing the vacancy in the mission. If he  
then decides to re-appoint Mr. Ransom  
to the vacancy there will be nothing for  
the North Carolina statesman to do  
but to serve his country without pay  
for nine months.

## MEXICAN CATTLE.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—In view of  
the great rise in the price of beef and  
the scarcity of cattle, the chief of the  
bureau of animal industry, Dr. Sal-  
mon, has recommended to the secre-  
tary of agriculture the admission of  
Mexican cattle into the United States,  
under stringent regulations calculated  
to insure a rigid inspection of all cattle  
admitted. Secretary Morton issued the  
necessary order. It is hoped by this  
means to check the tendency to ex-  
cessive prices to the consumer without  
injuriously affecting the interests of the  
beef producer.

## CARSON CITY MINT STRAL.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Preston, di-  
rector of the mint, has received from  
Supt. Mason of the New York assay  
office, now at Carson City, Nev., a re-  
port of his investigation of the defalcation  
in the Carson City mint. He finds a  
shortage of \$75,549.75, which covers  
defalcations extending through several  
years. John F. Jones, assistant melter  
and refiner, has been arrested and  
placed under bonds, and other arrests  
will follow.

## HE COMES TO STAY.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—It is posi-  
tively asserted that if Consul General  
Williams returns to Havana after his  
proposed visit to the United States  
shall have ended, he will be refused  
his exequatur. Gen. Campos, the gov-  
ernor general of Cuba, will not, it is  
asserted, receive him in an official  
capacity, and this action will be in-  
dorsed by the Madrid government.

## GROVER WILL REVIEW THEM.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—A delega-  
tion of colored men called on the presi-  
dent Monday afternoon and asked him  
to review the emancipation parade  
Tuesday. Notwithstanding it being a  
cabinet meeting day, the president  
consented, and will review the parade  
from the north portico of the white  
house.

Andrew Cooper and Wilbur Rogers,  
two boys, were killed at a crossing  
near Connellsville, Pa.

## SENSATIONAL WEDDING.

The Programme Changed to Prevent the  
Groom From Being Arrested for a  
Debt.

LAPORTE, Ind., April 16.—South Bend  
is in the throes of a sensation caused  
by the disappearance and subsequent  
marriage of Edmond Howard, son of  
Judge Howard, of the appellate court,  
and Miss Etta Garceau, a prominent  
society young lady. The wedding had  
been looked forward to as a society af-  
fair of the after Lenten season.

St. Patrick's church was filled to  
overflowing Monday morning. The  
rector was clad in his priestly robes,  
but the bride and groom came not, and  
a hurried investigation disclosed the  
sensational elopement of the couple to  
Niles, Mich., where the ceremony was  
performed.

The reason assigned is that Howard  
was fearful that the brilliant church  
wedding would have a startling de-  
nouement in his arrest for debt,  
threats of such a proceedings having  
come to his ears. The couple left on a  
late train for Pittsburg, Kan., where  
they will reside. Five hundred invita-  
tions had been sent out.

## Tobacco Trust Elects Officers.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The American  
Tobacco Co. succeeded in holding its  
annual meeting in Newark Monday,  
after two adjournments, and elected  
these directors: George A. Rents, Ben  
N. Duke, G. W. Gail and Josiah Brown.  
The annual report shows assets, con-  
sisting of real estate, machinery, raw  
and manufactured stock, fixtures, pa-  
tents and trademarks, of \$35,255,295.61.  
The cash on hand is reported as \$1-  
909,558.82. The income tax, in the li-  
abilities, figured for \$101,000. The li-  
abilities showed a net increase for 1895  
of \$1,865,228.66.

## An Immense Damage Suit.

PITTSBURGH, April 16.—An appeal was  
taken to the supreme court Monday in  
the suit of Waring Bros. against the  
Pennsylvania railroad for \$3,500,000,  
for damages for alleged discriminations  
in freight rates on oil. The amount  
claimed is the largest in any suit en-  
tered in Allegheny county. It came  
on for trial for some weeks ago, and  
Judge E. H. Stowe ordered a nonsuit,  
on the ground that the statement of  
the claim was delayed too long after  
the action had been begun.

## Europe Against America.

PARIS, April 16.—The Echo De Paris  
advises Europe to form an industrial  
defense against the United States.  
With reference to the expression of  
sympathy upon the part of the senate  
of Florida with the Cuban rebels, the  
Echo De Paris protests against the  
manner in which the United States in-  
terprets international laws, and de-  
clares that American intervention in  
Asia and Europe in regard to Armenia  
should attract the vigilance of Europe.

## Warden Left Ten Million.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—The will of  
Wm. G. Warden, who was prominently  
identified with the Standard Oil Co.,  
and who died at his home in German-  
town, a suburb, on April 6, was admit-  
ted to probate Monday. It is estimat-  
ed that the value of Mr. Warden's es-  
tate will reach \$10,000,000, all of which  
he left in trust for the benefit of his  
widow and children.

## Crased by a Tragedy.

ST. LOUIS, April 16.—Rose Fatelle,  
the servant girl employed in the house-  
hold of Dr. Arthur Duestrow, the mil-  
lionaire who murdered his wife and  
son last year, has gone insane as the  
result of seeing the horrible crime  
committed. She was present when  
Duestrow shot his wife and boy, and  
the sight has so preyed on her mind as  
to unbalance it.

## Nicaragua Answers England.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—It is authori-  
tatively stated that Nicaragua has  
made a reply to Great Britain's ulti-  
matum. It is in the nature of a coun-  
ter proposal, and not a direct accept-  
ance or rejection of the British de-  
mands, and as such it is not yet known  
whether Great Britain will accept it as  
responsive to the ultimatum.

## Flood Disasters.

VIENNA, April 16.—Rains and snow  
floods have caused the rising of the  
river Danube to such an extent as to  
completely inundate the Kuert district  
and other parts of the city of  
Presburg, Hungary. The volume of  
water was so great as to wreck hun-  
dreds of houses, many of whose in-  
mates were drowned.

## Go On With the Hanging.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Maggie Tiller,  
the colored woman who was convicted  
of murder, has declined to accept  
Judge Clifford's offer to grant her a  
new trial on condition that she plead  
guilty and her sentence be reduced to  
life imprisonment. "I would as lief be  
hanged as to go to Joliet for life," said  
she Monday.

## Going to Greenland.

LAWRENCE, Kas., April 16.—Prof. L.  
L. Dyche, the naturalist of the Coast  
Arctic expedition, which ended so dis-  
astrously last summer, will sail for  
Greenland May 15 in the schooner  
Greenland Hope, Capt. Harvey Gador,  
to make a collection of funds. He will  
be picked up about October 11 by the  
same vessel.

## Traveling Man's Death.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 16.—Porter  
Randall, traveling salesman for an in-  
terior decoration house of Cleveland,  
O., died Monday afternoon at the Hotel  
Bates, after a few days' illness, of  
double pneumonia. He was 52 years  
old. His remains were shipped to his  
home at Delaware, O.

## Perished in the Flames.

ST. LOUIS, April 16.—A gasoline stove  
exploded at 7 o'clock Monday night in  
the residence of Nathan Meyer, 3910  
North Grand avenue, setting on fire the  
house. Henry Meyer, aged 17, who was  
sick in an upper room, was burned to  
death. The damage to the house is  
small.

## Vessel in Distress.

LISBON, April 16.—The steamship  
Clyde is off Cape Finisterre signaling  
for assistance. The vessel referred to  
is probably the British steamship  
Clyde, from Montevideo to Southamp-  
ton. She registers 3,377 tons.

UNDERWEAR!  
HOSIERY!  
GLOVES!

These articles are necessities, and as  
the spring advances the want of them  
is felt.

We realize this, and to meet the  
demand for cheap goods we have en-  
deavored to purchase them on the most  
advantageous terms, so as to benefit our  
customers as well as ourselves.

We have Ladies' Vests from 5c. each  
up, and all of our underwear is as cheap  
in proportion.

Hosiery and Gloves are cheaper than  
ever before, and you need only to see our  
stock to be convinced. We have hose  
for gentlemen, ladies' and children from  
5c. per pair up to 50c.

All-Silk Mitts 20, 25 and 30c.

Browning & Co. 51 West  
Second Street.Easter  
Opening

Easter Opening means a magnificent spring start. Nothing finer will be  
seen this spring than our grand Easter opening of footwear. There's something  
to open in a stock like ours, and those who see it are bound to open their eyes  
with mingled surprise and satisfaction. Everything for the season is out, and  
everything out for the season is in our display. Here are interesting foot  
notes, bright as Easter, pleasing as spring, giving promise of long wear and guar-  
antee of full value, and presenting a complete assortment of shoes for men, women's  
and children's wear. An Easter duty to examine our store. You will be  
pleased and we will be pleased to show you these marvels of beauty and cheap-  
ness.

## F. B. RANSON &amp; CO.

## SEASONABLE DRY GOODS, FANCY and STAPLE

## CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,

And Housekeeping Goods Generally Always on Hand

AND FOR SALE BY

George Cox & Son.

Of Interest to You!  
FOR ONE WEEK,

All our 69 to 85 cent Silks, 50 cents a yard; \$1 Black Silk Crepon, 69 cents;  
Satin-stripe Challie, 15 cents a yard; Best all-wool Challies, 40 cents were 60  
cents; Dimities, Lawns, &c., 12½ cents, were 17 cents. Largest line of Trim-  
mings in the city, Jets, Laces, &c. Will continue our special low prices on Car-  
pets, Rugs, Mattings and Lace Curtains. Yours for bargains.

## PAUL HOEFELICH &amp; BRO.

## McCLANAHAN &amp; SHEA,

—DEALERS IN—

## MANTELS, STOVES, GRATES,

Tinware, Tin Roofing, Guttering and Spouting.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS Executed in the best manner.

## The Monk!

By MATTHEW G. LEWIS,  
(MONK LEWIS.)

Mr. Lewis was a member of the  
British Parliament, and his book  
became so popular in England a  
hundred years ago that it gained  
for him the title of "Monk  
Lewis."

It is a fine piece of classic com-  
position, and after being out of  
print for many years it has been  
republished from the original  
text.

It is far superior to "Maria  
Monk" and books of that char-  
acter.

## PRICE 50 CENTS.

FOR SALE BY  
THOMAS A. DAVIS,  
MAYSVILLE, KY.

## Dr. J. H. SAMUEL.

(Ex-consult Surgeon Good Samaritan Hospital,  
Ex-acting Superintendent Longview  
Insane Asylum.)  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON  
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Third street, opposite  
the Courthouse.

## WHITE, JUDD &amp; CO.

—Are still in the—

## FURNITURE BUSINESS

At No. 42 W. Second Street.

## Big Four Route.

BEST LINE TO AND FROM

## CHICAGO.

Solid Vestibuled Trains, with Buffet Parlor  
Cars, Elegant Coaches, Dining Cars, Wagner  
Sleeping Cars and latest improved Private  
Compartment Buffet Sleeping Cars, magnifi-  
cently furnished with toilet accessories in each  
compartment.

## ST. LOUIS.

Solid Vestibuled Trains, with Buffet Parlor  
Cars, Coaches and Dining Cars and Wagner  
Buffet Sleeping Cars.

## BOSTON.

The only through sleeping car line from Cin-  
cinnati. Elegant Wagner Sleeping Cars.

## NEW YORK.

The "Southwestern Limited" Solid Vesi-  
buled Trains, with Combination Library, Buf-  
fet and Smoking Cars, Wagner Sleeping Cars,  
Elegant Coaches and Dining Cars, landing  
passengers in New York City at Port Second  
Street Depot. Positively no ferry transfer.  
Be sure your tickets read via "Big Four."  
D. W. M. Miller, Gen. Pass. and Tr. Agt.,  
E. O. McCormick, Passenger Traffic Man-  
ager, Cincinnati, O.